## Present Value Formula

Period:

Commonly a period will be a year but it can be any time interval you want as long as all inputs are consistent.

Number of Periods (t):

Number of periods or years

Perpetuity:

For a perpetual annuity t approaches infinity. Enter p, P, perpetuity or Perpetuity for t Interest Rate (R):

Is the annual nominal interest rate or "stated rate" per period in percent. r = R/100, the interest rate in decimal

Compounding (m):

Is the number of times compounding occurs per period. If a period is a year then annually=1, quarterly=4, monthly=12, daily = 365, etc.

Continuous Compounding:

Is when the frequency of compounding (m) is increased up to infinity. Enter c, C, continuous or Continuous for m.

Payment Amount (PMT):

The amount of the annuity payment each period

Growth Rate (G):

If this is a growing annuity, enter the growth rate per period of payments in percentage here. g = G/100

Payments per Period (Payment Frequency (q)):

How often will payments be made during each period? If a period is a year then annually=1, quarterly=4, monthly=12, daily = 365, etc.

Payments at Period (Type):

Choose if payments occur at the end of each payment period (ordinary annuity, in arrears, 0) or if payments occur at the beginning of each payment period (annuity due, in advance, 1)

Present Value (PV):

The present value of any future value lump sum and future cash flows (payments)

## Present Value of a Growing Annuity (g ≠ i)

where g = G/100

$$PV = \frac{PMT}{(i-g)} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{1+g}{1+i} \right)^n \right] (1+iT)$$